

A geometric diagram of a circle with center Z . The circle is divided into four quadrants by a vertical diameter AK and a horizontal diameter GH . Points A , K , G , and H are on the vertical diameter, while Z is the center. Points B and C are on the left semicircle, and points E and F are on the right semicircle. A line segment BC is drawn, and a perpendicular line segment AM is drawn from point A to BC , with M on BC . A line segment AC is also drawn. The angle BAC is labeled ϕ . The angle AMC is labeled α . The angle ACB is labeled β . The angle ABC is labeled γ . The angle ABK is labeled δ . The angle CBK is labeled ϵ . The angle ABE is labeled ζ . The angle ACE is labeled η . The angle ABF is labeled θ . The angle ACF is labeled ι . The angle ABG is labeled κ . The angle ACG is labeled λ . The angle ABH is labeled μ . The angle ACH is labeled ν . The angle ABK is labeled δ . The angle CBK is labeled ϵ . The angle ABE is labeled ζ . The angle ACE is labeled η . The angle ABF is labeled θ . The angle ACF is labeled ι . The angle ABG is labeled κ . The angle ACG is labeled λ . The angle ABH is labeled μ . The angle ACH is labeled ν .

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